Allowed: Permitted

Aloud: Audible

Air: The invisible gaseous substance surrounding the earth.

Heir: A legally entitled person to acquire property on one’s death.

Arc: A part of a curve.

Ark: A large boat.

Ascent: The action of rising or climbing upward.

Assent: To express agreement or approval.

Augur: A sign of something to come.

Auger: A tool for boring holes.

Awe: A feeling of respect or reverence.

Oar: A tool used for rowing a boat.

Bael: A type of fruit.

Bail: Security deposit to release an arrested person.

Bail: Security deposit to release an arrested person.

Bale: A large bundle of goods.

Bait: Something used to lure fish or animals.

Bate: To restrain or moderate.

Bald: Having no hair on the scalp.

Bawled: Cried out loudly.

Band: A group of people.

Banned: Prohibited or forbidden.

Bare: Uncovered or naked.

Bear: The large mammal.

Bark: The outer covering of a tree.

Barque: A sailing ship.

Barren: Infertile or unproductive.

Baron: A member of the lowest order of the British nobility.

Base: The lowest part or foundation.

Bass: A type of fish or a low-pitched musical instrument.

Bate: To restrain or moderate.

Bait: Something used to lure fish or animals.

Beach: A sandy or pebbly shore by the sea or a lake.

Beech: A type of tree.

Beat: To strike or defeat.

Beet: A type of vegetable.

Beer: An alcoholic beverage.

Bier: A frame or stand on which a corpse or coffin is placed.

Bell: A hollow device that makes a ringing sound when struck.

Belle: A beautiful woman.

Berth: A built-in bed or sleeping accommodation on a ship or train.

Birth: The process of being born.

Bight: A bend or curve, especially in a coastline or river.

Bite: The act of gripping or cutting with the teeth.

Blew: The past tense of blow.

Blue: A color.

Board: A long, thin, flat piece of wood.

Bored: Feeling weary or uninterested.

Boar: A wild pig.

Bore: To drill a hole or to be tedious or uninteresting.

Boarder: A person who pays for meals and lodging.

Border: The edge or boundary of something.

Bow: A type of knot or to bend forward at the waist as a gesture of respect.

Bough: A main branch of a tree.

Brake: A device for slowing or stopping a vehicle.

Break: To separate or shatter.

Bread: A staple food made of flour, water, and yeast.

Bred: The past tense and past participle of breed.

Brews: Alcoholic beverages.

Bruise: A discoloration of the skin caused by trauma.

Bridal: Pertaining to a wedding or bride.

Bridle: A piece of equipment placed on a horse's head to control it.

Brows: The ridge over the eye.

Browse: To casually look through items.

Caddie: A person who carries a golfer's clubs.

Caddy: A container for holding tea.

Calf: The young of domestic cattle.

Calve: For a glacier to release icebergs.

Canon: A collection of works considered authentic.

Cannon: A large artillery piece.

Capital: Refers to a city serving as a seat of government or wealth.

Capitol: Specifically denotes the building where a legislative body meets.

Carat: A unit of weight for precious stones.

Carrot: A vegetable.

Carrier: A person or thing that carries something.

Career: One's profession or occupation.

Cast: To throw or project.

Caste: A social class or system.

Caught: The past tense of catch.

Court: A place for legal proceedings.

Cede: To surrender or yield.

Seed: A plant embryo.

Ceiling: The upper interior surface of a room.

Sealing: Closing something tightly.

Cell: A small room for confinement.

Sell: To exchange goods for money.

Cent: A monetary unit.

Scent: A smell or perfume.

Sent: The past tense of send.

Cereal: A type of grain used for breakfast food.

Serial: Something occurring in a series or sequence.

Cession: The formal giving up of rights or territory.

Session: A meeting or period of time devoted to a particular activity.

Chased: Pursued.

Chaste: Pure or modest.

Check: To inspect or verify.

Czech: Refers to something or someone from the Czech Republic.

Chews: The plural form of chew.

Choose: To select or pick.

Chord: A group of musical notes played together.

Cord: A thick string or rope.

Chute: A narrow tube or passage for things to slide down.

Shoot: To discharge a weapon or to film a scene.

Cite: To quote or mention as evidence.

Sight: The ability to see or a view.

Site: A location or place.

Clause: A distinct section of a legal document or contract.

Claws: Sharp, curved nails found on animals.

Clean: Free from dirt or impurities.

Cline: A gradient or slope.

Coarse: Rough or crude in texture.

Course: A direction or path taken.

Complement: Something that completes or enhances another.

Compliment: A polite expression of praise or admiration.

Coop: A confined space for poultry.

Coupe: A car with a fixed roof and two doors.

Core: The central or most essential part.

Corps: A military unit.

Councillor: A member of a council.

Counselor: A person who gives advice or counseling.

Creak: A harsh, grating sound.

Creek: A small stream or rivulet.

Crews: Groups of people working together.

Cruise: A voyage on a ship or boat.

Cue: A signal for someone to do something.

Queue: A line of people or vehicles.

Current: Present time or a flow of water or electricity.

Currency: The money in circulation.

Curry: A dish flavored with a mixture of spices.

Curie: Marie Curie, the physicist.

Currant: A small, dried fruit.

Current: Present or a flow of water or electricity.

Dell: A small, secluded valley.

Del: A Spanish article.

Desert: A dry, sandy region.

Dessert: The sweet course served after a meal.

Dew: Water vapor condensed into droplets on objects.

Due: Owed or expected.

Direct: To lead or guide in a straight course.

Direct: An adjective indicating a path with no intervening space or time.

Discreet: Careful or cautious in one's speech or actions.

Discrete: Individually separate and distinct.

Doe: A female deer.

Dough: A mixture of flour, water, and other ingredients used for baking.

Done: The past participle of do.

Dun: A dull grayish-brown color or a demand for payment of a debt.

Dual: Consisting of two parts or elements.

Duel: A formal combat between two persons.

Dyeing: The process of adding color to something.

Dying: Ceasing to live.

Earn: To gain or receive as payment.

Urn: A decorative vase with a cover.

Eave: The lower edge of a roof that overhangs a wall.

Eve: The day or period immediately before an event or occasion.

Eel: A snake-like fish.

Heel: The back part of the foot below the ankle.

Fair: Just or equitable.

Fare: The price of transportation.

Faint: Lacking in strength or consciousness.

Feint: A deceptive or distracting movement.

Faze: To disturb or disconcert.

Phase: A stage in a process.

Feat: An achievement that requires skill or courage.

Feet: The plural of foot.

Find: To discover or locate.

Fined: The imposition of a financial penalty.

Flew: The past tense of fly.

Flu: A contagious respiratory illness.

Flour: A finely ground powder made from grain.

Flower: The reproductive part of a plant.

Forego: To precede or go before.

Forgo: To abstain from or do without.

Foreword: An introductory section of a book.

Forward: Moving or directed ahead.

Forte: A person's strong suit or talent.

Fort: A fortified building or place.

Fourth: Indicates the ordinal number following third.

Forth: Onward or forward.

Freeze: To become hardened into ice.

Frieze: A decorative band on a wall.

Gait: A person's manner of walking.

Gate: An Entrance to allow passage through a fence or wall.

Gallant: Brave or heroic.

Gallon: A unit of measurement for liquids.

Gild: To cover thinly with gold.

Guild: An association of people with common interests or goals.

Gorilla: A large ape.

Guerilla: A member of a small independent group taking part in irregular fighting.

Grate: A framework of metal bars used as a partition or guard.

Great: Of an extent, amount, or intensity considerably above the normal or average.

Grisly: Causing horror or disgust.

Grizzly: Refers to a type of bear.

Hail: Pellets of frozen rain.

Hale: Strong and healthy.

Hair: The fine strands growing from the skin of mammals.

Hare: A type of rabbit.

Hanger: A device for hanging clothes.

Hangar: A large building for storing aircraft.

Haul: To pull or drag with effort.

Hall: A large room or building for public gatherings.

Heal: To become healthy or whole again.

Heel: The back part of the foot below the ankle.

Heard: The past tense of hear.

Herd: A group of animals.

Hi: A greeting.

High: Elevated or tall.

Higher: At a greater elevation or level.

Hire: To employ someone or to rent something.

Him: A pronoun referring to a male person or animal.

Hymn: A religious song.

Hoard: To amass and store away.

Horde: A large group or crowd.

Hoarse: Describes a rough or harsh voice.

Horse: A large mammal used for riding, racing, or labor.

Hole: An opening or void.

Whole: Complete or entire.

Holy: Dedicated or consecrated to a religious purpose.

Wholly: Entirely or completely.

Hour: A unit of time.

Our: Indicates possession.

Idle: Inactive or lazy.

Idol: An object of worship.

Jewels: Precious stones or gems.

Joules: Units of energy.

Kernel: The softer, usually edible part of a nut or seed.

Colonel: A military rank.

Knight: A medieval warrior.

Night: The time between sunset and sunrise.

Lacks: The third person singular present tense of lack.

Lax: Not strict or careful.

Lain: The past participle of lie.

Lane: A narrow road or passage.

Lapse: A temporary failure or slip.

Laps: The plural of lap.

Lead: A heavy metal.

Led: The past tense of lead.

Leak: A hole that allows liquid or gas to escape from a container.

Leek: A vegetable.

Lesser: Smaller or inferior.

Lessen: To make or become less.

Lesson: A period of learning or teaching.

Lessen: To make or become less.

Lewd: Crude or offensive in a sexual way.

Lude: A slang term for a drug.

Load: A heavy or bulky thing that is being carried or is about to be carried.

Lode: A deposit of valuable ore.

Loan: Something that is borrowed.

Lone: Solitary or single.

Maine: A state in the northeastern United States.

Mane: The long hair on the neck of a horse or lion.

Manner: A way in which something is done or happens.

Manor: A large country house with lands.

Mark: A sign or indication.

Marque: A model or brand of a product.

Marshal: A military officer.

Martial: Relating to war or the armed forces.

Matte: A dull finish on a surface.

Mat: A flat piece of material used to protect or decorate a surface.

Maize: Another term for corn.

Maze: A complex network of paths or passages.

Medal: A metal disk given as an award.

Meddle: To interfere in something that is not one's concern.

Metal: A solid material that is typically hard, shiny, and malleable.

Mettle: A person's ability to cope well with difficulties in a spirited and resilient way.

Might: Strength or power.

Mite: A small arachnid or a tiny amount of something.

Miner: A person who works in a mine.

Minor: Lesser in importance or seriousness.

Morning: The early part of the day.

Mourning: The act of showing sorrow or grief, especially after a death.

Muscle: A tissue composed of fibers capable to produce movement.

Mussel: A type of shellfish.

Mustard: A condiment made from the seeds of a mustard plant.

Mustered: The past tense of muster.

Naval: Relating to a navy or maritime matters.

Navel: The central point of a person's body.

Nay: A negative response.

Neigh: The sound a horse makes.

Overdo: To do or carry on to excess.

Overdue: Not having been done or delivered by the expected time.

Pail: A bucket.

Pale: Light in color or lacking color.

Pain: Physical suffering or discomfort.

Pane: A single sheet of glass in a window or door.

Pair: To group into sets of two.

Pare: To trim or reduce something.

Palate: The roof of the mouth or a person's sense of taste.

Palette: A board used by artists to mix colors.

Passed: The past tense of pass.

Past: A time before the present or no longer current.

Patience: The capacity to accept or tolerate delay, trouble, or suffering.

Patients: People under medical care.

Peace: A state of harmony or tranquility.

Piece: A portion or fragment.

Peak: The pointed top of a mountain.

Peek: To look quickly or furtively.

Peer: To look keenly or with difficulty at someone or something.

Pier: A structure extending into the water to serve as a docking facility.

Plain: A large area of flat land.

Plane: A flat surface or a type of aircraft.

Pore: A minute opening in the skin.

Pour: To flow or cause to flow in a steady stream.

Pray: To address a deity with adoration.

Prey: An animal hunted and killed for food.

Principal: A person in a leading position or the original sum of money.

Principle: A fundamental truth or belief.

Profit: Financial gain.

Prophet: A person regarded as an inspired teacher or proclaimer of the will of God.

Rain: Water falling from the sky.

Reign: The period of rule of a monarch.

Rein: A strap used to control a horse.

Raise: To lift or elevate.

Rays: Beams of light.

Raze: To completely destroy.

Raise: To lift or elevate.

Read: To look at and comprehend written or printed matter.

Reed: A tall, slender-leaved plant.

Real: Genuine or authentic.

Reel: A cylindrical device used for winding or storing flexible material.

Reck: To care about something.

Wreck: To destroy or cause damage.

Reed: A tall, slender-leaved plant.

Read: To look at and comprehend written or printed matter.

Reign: The period of rule of a monarch.

Rein: A strap used to control a horse.

Rain: Water falling from the sky.

Rest: To relax or take a break.

Wrest: To forcibly pull something from someone's grasp.

Rhyme: A correspondence of sound between words.

Rime: Frost formed on cold objects by the rapid freezing of water vapor.

Right: Correct or proper.

Write: To inscribe or compose.

Ring: A small circular band worn as jewelry.

Wring: To squeeze or twist something forcibly.

Road: A wide way leading from one place to another.

Rode: The past tense of ride.

Role: A part played by an actor.

Roll: To turn over and over or to form into a cylindrical shape.

Root: The part of a plant that attaches it to the ground.

Route: A way or course taken to get from one place to another.

Rose: A type of flower.

Rows: Lines or series.

Rote: Mechanical or habitual repetition of something to be learned.

Wrote: The past tense of write.

Sail: A piece of fabric attached to a boat and used to catch the wind to move the boat.

Sale: The exchange of a commodity for money.

Scene: A place where an incident occurs.

Seen: The past participle of see.

Sealing: Closing something tightly.

Ceiling: The upper interior surface of a room.

Seem: To give the impression of being something.

Seam: A line where two pieces of fabric are sewn together.

Sew: To join or attach something by stitches.

Sow: To plant seeds in the ground.

Shear: To cut the wool off a sheep.

Sheer: Nothing other than or absolute.

Sight: The ability to see or a view.

Site: A location or place.

Cite: To quote or mention as evidence.

Slay: To kill in a violent manner.

Sleigh: A vehicle on runners for transporting goods over snow or ice.

Sole: Only or single.

Soul: The spiritual or immaterial essence of a person.

Soar: To fly high in the sky.

Sore: Painful or tender.

Stair: A series of steps.

Stare: To look fixedly or intently.

Stalk: To pursue stealthily.

Stork: A large wading bird with long legs and a long beak.

Stationary: Not moving.

Stationery: Writing materials such as paper, pens, and envelopes.

Steak: A slice of meat.

Stake: A wooden or metal post.

Steal: To take something without permission.

Steel: A strong metallic alloy.

Stile: A set of steps or rungs used for climbing over a fence or wall.

Style: A particular manner or fashion.

Straight: Without curve or bend.

Strait: A narrow passage of water connecting two seas or large areas of water.

Tale: A fictional story or narrative.

Tail: The hind part of an animal.

Tare: A deduction from the gross weight to allow for the weight of packaging.

Tear: To pull something apart or to produce liquid from the eyes due to emotion.

Taut: Stretched or pulled tight.

Taught: The past tense of teach.

Team: A group of players forming one side in a competitive game or sport.

Teem: To be full of or swarming with.

Throne: A ceremonial chair for a monarch.

Thrown: The past participle of throw.

Tide: The rising and falling of the sea.

Tied: Secured with a rope, string, or other cord.

Tier: A row or level in a series or structure.

Tear: To rip or pull apart.

Toe: A digit on the foot.

Tow: To pull something behind a vehicle.

Told: The past tense of tell.

Tolled: Refers to the ringing of a bell.

Tongs: A tool consisting of two arms joined by a hinge.

Tongues: The muscular organ in the mouth.

Troop: A group of soldiers.

Troupe: A group of performers.

Vain: Having excessive pride.

Vane: A flat blade or plate.

Vein: A blood vessel.

Waist: The part of the body between the ribs and hips.

Waste: To use or expend carelessly or needlessly.

Wait: To stay in place until an expected event occurs.

Weight: The measure of the heaviness of an object.

Waive: To refrain from insisting on or using a right or claim.

Wave: A long body of water curling into an arched form and breaking on the shore.

Way: A method, style, or manner.

Weigh: To find out how heavy something is.

Weak: Lacking in strength.

Week: A period of seven days.

Weather: The state of the atmosphere at a place and time.

Whether: Used to introduce alternatives.

Wear: To have on one's body as clothing.

Ware: Manufactured articles of a specified type.

Wed: To marry.

Wad: A compressed mass or lump of a soft or fibrous material.

Whine: A long, high-pitched complaining cry.

Wine: An alcoholic beverage made from fermented grapes.

Yoke: A wooden crosspiece attached to the plow or cart to pull.

Yolk: The yellow part of an egg.